



CENTENNIAL  
PARKLANDS  

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FOUNDATION

**CENTENNIAL PARKLANDS  
FOUNDATION**

FINANCIAL REPORT  
2012-13



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## Auditor's Independence Declaration to the Directors of Centennial Parklands Foundation Limited

In relation to our audit of the financial report of Centennial Parklands Foundation Limited for the financial year ended 30 June 2013, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* or any applicable code of professional conduct.

Ernst & Young

Mike Wright  
Partner  
23 May 2014



Ernst & Young  
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## Independent auditor's report to the governors of Centennial Parklands Foundation

We have audited the accompanying special purpose financial report of Centennial Parklands Foundation, which comprises the statement of comprehensive income, statement of financial position as at 30 June 2013, statements of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year ended on 30 June 2013, a summary of significant accounting policies, other explanatory notes and the chairman's declaration of the entity and the consolidated entity comprising the entity and the entity it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

### Governors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The governors of the entity are responsible for the preparation of the financial report and have determined that the basis of preparation described in Note 1 to the financial report is appropriate to meet the financial reporting requirements of the Trust Deed and is appropriate to meet the needs of the governors. The governors are also responsible for such controls as they determine are necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the governors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### Independence

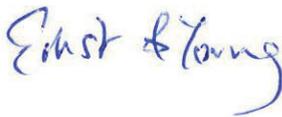
In conducting our audit we have complied with the independence requirements of the Australian professional accounting bodies.

### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial report presents fairly, in all material respects, the entity's and consolidated entity's financial positions as of 30 June 2013 and their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting policies described in Note 1 to the financial statements.

### Basis of Accounting and Restriction on Distribution

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 1 to the financial reports which describes the basis of accounting. The financial reports are prepared to assist the entity to meet the requirements of the Trust Deed. As a result the financial reports may not be suitable for another purpose. Our report is intended solely for Centennial Parklands Foundation and its governors and should not be distributed to parties other than Centennial Parklands Foundation or the governors.



Ernst & Young  
Sydney  
1 May 2014

# INCOME STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

	Notes	2013 \$	2012 \$
<b>CONTINUING OPERATIONS</b>			
<b>Revenue</b>			
Grants and donations received	3(a)	491,973	623,907
Membership fees	3(a)	3,433	10,418
Goods and services received free of charge	3(a),14(b)	403,299	628,332
Fund raising campaign revenue	3(a)	85,555	52,900
Finance revenue	3(a)	44,249	51,156
Other revenue	3(a)	12,749	3,901
<b>Total revenue</b>		<b>1,041,258</b>	<b>1,370,614</b>
<b>Expenses</b>			
Grants and donations paid	3(b), 14(c)	(1,020,259)	(614,962)
Fund raising campaign expenses	3(b)	(48,399)	(291)
Other expenses		(67,551)	(74,961)
Consumption of goods and services received free of charge	3(a)	(403,299)	(201,601)
<b>Total expenses</b>		<b>(1,539,508)</b>	<b>(891,815)</b>
<b>(Loss)/Surplus for the year</b>	9	<b>(498,250)</b>	<b>478,799</b>
<b>Other Comprehensive Income</b>			
Total Other Comprehensive Income for the year		–	–
<b>Total Comprehensive Income for the year</b>		<b>(498,250)</b>	<b>478,799</b>

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

# BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 30 JUNE 2013

	Notes	2013 \$	2012 \$
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>Current Assets</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	1,449,838	1,612,154
Receivables	5	124,539	25,134
<b>Total Current Assets</b>		<b>1,574,377</b>	<b>1,637,288</b>
<b>Non-Current Assets</b>			
Intangibles	6	–	1,894
<b>Total Non-Current Assets</b>		<b>–</b>	<b>1,894</b>
<b>Total Assets</b>		<b>1,574,377</b>	<b>1,639,182</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>Current Liabilities</b>			
Payables	7	445,800	12,355
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>		<b>445,800</b>	<b>12,355</b>
<b>Total Liabilities</b>		<b>445,800</b>	<b>12,355</b>
<b>NET ASSETS</b>		<b>1,128,577</b>	<b>1,626,827</b>
<b>EQUITY</b>			
Contributed capital	8	10	10
Accumulated funds	9	1,128,567	1,626,817
<b>Total Equity</b>		<b>1,128,577</b>	<b>1,626,817</b>

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF **CHANGES IN EQUITY**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

	Contributed Capital \$	Accumulated funds \$	Total equity \$
<b>At 1 July 2011</b>	10	1,148,108	1,148,118
Surplus for the year	–	478,709	478,709
<b>Total Comprehensive income for the year</b>		<b>478,709</b>	<b>478,709</b>
<b>At 30 June 2012</b>	10	1,626,817	1,626,827
Surplus for the year	–	(498,250)	(498,250)
<b>Total Comprehensive Income for the Year</b>		<b>(498,250)</b>	<b>(498,250)</b>
<b>At 30 June 2013</b>	10	<b>1,128,567</b>	<b>1,128,577</b>

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

# CASH FLOW STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

	Notes	2013 \$	2012 \$
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Grants and donations received		473,002	423,016
Receipts from membership fees and fund raising		108,203	77,178
Interest received		44,249	51,156
Grants and donations paid		(682,285)	(439,244)
Payments to suppliers		(130,588)	(80,761)
GST (paid)/received (net)		25,103	13,490
<b>Net cash (used in)/provided by operating activities</b>	10	<b>(162,316)</b>	<b>44,835</b>
Net (decrease)/increase in cash held	4	(162,316)	44,835
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	4	1,612,154	1,567,319
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of year</b>		<b>1,449,838</b>	<b>1,612,154</b>

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

## NOTE 1: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### a) Reporting Entity

The Centennial Parklands Foundation is a foundation established by deed and is a reporting entity.

The financial statements are for the consolidated reporting entity comprising the Centennial Parklands Foundation and the Centennial Parklands Foundation Limited (the Group).

The Corporations Act 2001 requires that the Centennial Parklands Foundation Limited prepare and lodge financial statements with the Australian Securities and Investments Commission. The transactions of the Centennial Parklands Foundation Limited are included with those of the Centennial Parklands Foundation. Refer to note 13 for parent entity transactions and balances and notes 3(a) and 3(b) for transactions of the Centennial Parklands Foundation Limited.

These financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2013 have been authorised for issue by the Board of Governors on 1 May 2014.

### b) Basis of Preparation

The Group's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with:

- applicable Australian Accounting Standards (which include Australian Accounting Interpretations);

Financial statements items are prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention.

Judgements, key assumptions and estimations that management has made, are disclosed in the relevant notes to the financial statements.

### c) Statement of compliance

The financial statements comply with Australian Accounting Standards, which include Australian Accounting Interpretations.

### d) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of Centennial Parklands Foundation and its controlled entity Centennial Parklands Foundation Limited as at 30 June (the Group).

Controlled entities are all those entities over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from their activities. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether a group controls another entity.

The financial statements of controlled entities are normally prepared for the same reporting period as the parent entity, using consistent accounting policies. However for the period ended 30 June 2012, the financial statements of Centennial Parklands Foundation Limited have been prepared covering a fifteen month period as this is the first reporting period for that entity.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, all intercompany balances and transactions, income and expenses and profit and losses resulting from intra-group transactions have been eliminated in full.

Controlled entities are fully consolidated from the date on which control is obtained by the Group and cease to be consolidated from the date on which control is transferred out of the Group. Investments in Controlled Entities held by Centennial Parklands Foundation are accounted for at cost in the separate financial statements of the parent entity. However, as Centennial Parklands Foundation Limited is a company limited by guarantee the parent entity holds no equity investment.

The acquisition of controlled entities is accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting. The acquisition method of accounting involves allocating the cost of the business combination to the fair value of the assets acquired and the liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition.

### e) Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the entity and the revenue can be reliably measured. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

#### (i) Donations and Grants

Donations and grants are generally recognised as revenue when the Group obtains control over the assets comprising the donations and grants.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

Control over donations and grants are normally obtained upon the receipt of cash. There is no GST payable on donations..

## (ii) Interest

Revenue is recognised as the interest accrues (using the effective interest method, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset) to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

## (iii) Membership fees

Membership fees are generally recognised as revenue when the Group obtains control over the assets comprising the membership fees. Control over membership fees is normally obtained upon the receipt of cash.

## (iv) Fundraising campaign revenue

Fundraising campaign revenues are generally recognised as revenue when the Group obtains control over the assets comprising the fundraising campaign revenue. Control over fund raising campaign revenues is normally obtained upon the receipt of cash.

## f) Taxes

**Income tax:** the Foundation is exempt from income tax as it has been endorsed as an income tax exempt charitable entity under Subdivision 50-B of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997*.

**Goods and services tax:** the Foundation, as a charitable entity is registered for the goods and services tax (GST) applicable from 1 July 2000. The tax is paid on revenues from membership subscriptions, grants, sponsorships and fund raising activities. Most input tax credits are credited except for expenses related to non-creditable transactions. Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of GST except:

- (i) where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the ATO, it is recognised as part of the cost of the acquisition of an asset or as part of an item of expense; or
- (i) for receivables and payables which are recognised inclusive of GST.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included as part of receivables or payables.

## g) Cash

For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash includes cash on hand, at call deposits with banks and term deposits with banks with an original maturity of less than 3 months. Cash flows are included in the Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis.

## h) Loans and Receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. These financial assets are recognised initially at fair value, usually based on the transaction cost or face value. Subsequent measurement is at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less an allowance for any impairment of receivables. Any changes are accounted for in the Statement of Comprehensive Income when impaired, derecognised or through the amortisation process.

Short-term receivables with no stated interest rate are measured at the original invoice amount where the effect of discounting is immaterial.

## i) Impairment of Financial Assets

All financial assets, except those measured at fair value through profit and loss, are subject to an annual review for impairment. An allowance for impairment is established when there is objective evidence that the entity will not be able to collect all amounts due.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the allowance is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate. The amount of the impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Any reversals of impairment losses are reversed through the Statement of Comprehensive Income, where there is objective evidence. Reversals of impairment losses of financial assets carried at amortised cost cannot result in a carrying amount that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had there not been an impairment loss.

## j) De-recognition of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

A financial asset is derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial assets expire; or if the Group transfers the financial asset where:

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

- substantially all the risks and rewards have been transferred; or
- the Group has not transferred substantially all the risks and rewards, if the Group has not retained control.

Where the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards or transferred control, the asset is recognised to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement in the asset.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

## k) Payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group and other amounts. Payables are recognised initially at fair value, usually based on the transaction cost or face value. Subsequent measurement is at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Short-term payables with no stated interest rate are measured at the original invoice amount where the effect of discounting is immaterial.

## l) Disposal of Surplus

Annual surplus: Rule 3.5 of the Foundation's constitution prohibits the distribution of any surplus to Members. All income must be applied solely towards the promotion of the objects of the Foundation.

Surplus on termination: As required by the *Charitable Fundraising Act 1991*, the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997* and *Taxation Ruling 2000/12* and Rule 14 of the Constitution, any assets remaining upon the termination of the Foundation must be applied for the objects or purposes for which they were raised.

## m) Restricted/Unrestricted Funds

Restricted funds are funds received or reserves held that must be spent on the purpose for which they are received or are held. They comprise:

- Government funding and related interest that must be spent in accordance with the terms of the funding agreement
- Donations and bequests where the donor indicates a preference for the use to which the funds are to be used
- Donations received in response to specific purpose appeals

All other funds are unrestricted in that Trustees have discretion to spend them on purposes for which the charity is established.

## n) Fundraising Activities

**Charitable Fundraising Act 1991:** this Act and supporting Charitable Fundraising Regulation prescribe the manner in which fundraising appeals are conducted, controlled and reported in NSW. The Foundation raised funds during the year through a fund raising dinner and gallery event; and revenue and expenses from these events are disclosed in Note 3.

**Donations and bequests:** are recognised as income as and only when received at the Foundation's administration office or when deposited to the Foundation's bank account. As specified in the Act, unsolicited donations, members' donations and bequests are not treated as fundraising income when determining information required under the Act. Unsolicited donations and members' donations are treated as gifts under the Income Tax Legislation and deposited in the Gift Fund Bank Account whilst bequests are deposited in the Foundation Fund Bank Account.

## o) New Australian Accounting Standards Issued but not Effective

Australian Accounting Standards that have recently been issued or amended but not yet effective have not been adopted for the financial reporting year ended 30 June 2013. The directors have assessed the impact of these new or amended standards (to the extent relevant to the company) and interpretations and believe that these new or amended standards and interpretations do not have any material effect on the financial statements presented.

## p) Estimates and assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Group based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the consolidated financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising beyond the control of the Group. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

# NOTES TO THE **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

## *Valuation of donations-in-kind*

The estimation of donations-in-kind valuation is based on discussions with the third party donor of the goods or services, or, whether required, expert valuation.

## **NOTE 2: ACTIVITIES OF THE FOUNDATION**

The Foundation was established on 30 July 1998 for the purpose of enabling and facilitating the promotion, advancement and encouragement of charitable purposes. The Foundation is listed on the Register of Environmental Organisations maintained by the Department of Sustainability, Environment, Water, Pollution and Communities and therefore is able to accept tax deductible donations.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

	2013 \$	2012 \$
<b>NOTE 3: REVENUE AND EXPENSES</b>		
<b>(a) Revenue</b>		
– donations	453,194	617,107
– grants*	38,779	6,800
– membership fees	3,433	10,418
– goods and services received free of charge**	403,299	628,332
– fund raising campaign revenue	85,555	52,900
– interest revenue	44,249	51,156
– other revenue	12,749	3,901
<b>Total revenue</b>	<b>1,041,258</b>	<b>1,370,614</b>
Revenue by Fund		
– Endowment Fund	11,025	10,500
– Labyrinth Fund	201,174	314,507
– Foundation Fund	540,174	700,674
– Gift Fund	288,885	344,933
	<b>1,041,258</b>	<b>1,370,614</b>
<i>* Grants received by Centennial Parklands Foundation Limited</i>	8,780	–
<b>** Goods and services free of charge</b>		
Includes goods and services provided by Centennial Park and Moore Park Trust of \$276,663 (2012: \$201,691), Moonlight Cinema \$Nil (2012: \$53,500) and various sponsors of the Foundation's Evergreen Dinner \$93,250 (2012: \$101,000). All of these goods and services were consumed during the financial year. In addition, the value of works undertaken by volunteers on behalf of the Foundation during the year was \$Nil (2012: \$252,429). All of the work undertaken by volunteers was in respect of projects within Centennial Parklands.		
<b>(b) Expenses</b>		
– fund raising campaign expenses	48,399	291
– grants and donations paid		
Centennial Park and Moore Park Trust*	966,259	614,692
Other grants paid	54,000	–
	<b>1,068,658</b>	<b>614,983</b>
<i>* Includes grants provided by Centennial Parklands Foundation Limited</i>	400,000	–

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

	2013 \$	2012 \$
<b>NOTE 4: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>		
Cash at bank		
– Endowment Fund	231,525	220,500
– Labyrinth Fund	448,765	314,507
– Foundation Fund	21,454	226,462
– Gift Fund	748,084	850,685
Cash on hand – Foundation Fund	10	–
	<b>1,449,838</b>	<b>1,612,154</b>
<b>NOTE 5: RECEIVABLES</b>		
GST receivable	101,689	25,134
Other receivables from Centennial Park and Moore Park Trust	22,850	–
	<b>124,539</b>	<b>25,134</b>
<b>NOTE 6: INTANGIBLES</b>		
Incorporation costs	–	1,894
	–	<b>1,894</b>
<b>NOTE 7: PAYABLES</b>		
Other payables – related entities (Note 14)	440,000	–
Other payables	–	3,555
Accrued expenses	5,800	8,800
	<b>445,800</b>	<b>12,355</b>
<b>NOTE 8: CONTRIBUTED CAPITAL</b>		
Settlement sum	10	10
	<b>10</b>	<b>10</b>

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

	2013 \$	2012 \$
<b>NOTE 9: ACCUMULATED FUNDS</b>		
Balance at the beginning of the year	1,626,817	1,148,108
(Loss)/Surplus for the year	(498,250)	478,709
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>1,128,567</b>	<b>1,626,817</b>
<b>The balance comprises:</b>		
Endowment Fund	231,525	220,500
Labyrinth Fund	112,376	314,507
Gift Fund	733,221	814,488
Foundation Fund	51,445	277,322
	<b>1,128,567</b>	<b>1,626,817</b>

**Endowment Fund** – To provide a long term capital fund for the Foundation the income from which can be applied in accordance with the objects of the Foundation.

**Labyrinth Fund** – Holds gifts received for the purpose of constructing a labyrinth in Centennial Park.

**Gift Fund** - this fund holds tax deductible gifts received from the general public. Where the funds are donated for a specific purpose the funds are applied for that purpose in a manner consistent with the objects of the Foundation.

**Foundation Fund** – this fund holds revenues received which are of a non-gift nature i.e. bequests, sponsorship, membership fees and grants. The funds are used for the purpose set out in the granting or other document.

## NOTE 10: CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Reconciliation of Cash Flow from Operations with the Surplus for the year

(Loss)/Surplus for the year	(498,250)	478,709
Decrease in intangibles	1894	–
Increase in receivables	(99,405)	(24,874)
Increase/(decrease) in payables	433,445	(409,000)
<b>Net cash (used in)/provided by operating activities</b>	<b>(162,316)</b>	<b>44,835</b>

## NOTE 11: FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Group's principal financial instruments are outlined below. These financial instruments arise directly from the Group's operations or are required to finance its operations. The Group does not enter into or trade financial instruments, including derivative financial instruments, for speculative purposes.

The Group's main risks arising from financial instruments are outlined below, together with its objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk. Further quantitative and qualitative disclosures are included throughout these financial statements.

The Board of the Foundation has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of risk management and reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks. Risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Group, to set risk limits and controls and to monitor risks. Compliance with policies is reviewed by the Board on a continuous basis.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

## NOTE 11: FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

### (a) Financial instrument categories

Class:	Notes	Category	Carrying amount 2013 \$	Carrying amount 2012 \$
<b>Financial Assets</b>				
Cash and cash equivalents	4		1,449,838	1,612,154
Receivables	5	Receivables (at amortised cost)	22,850	–
			1,472,688	1,612,154
<b>Financial Liabilities</b>				
Payables	7	Financial liabilities (at amortised cost)	445,800	12,355
			445,800	12,355

### (b) Credit risk

Credit risk arises when there is the possibility of the Group's debtors defaulting on their contractual obligations, resulting in a financial loss to the Group. The maximum exposure to credit risk is generally represented by the carrying amount of the financial assets (net of any allowance for impairment).

Credit risk arises from the financial assets of the Group, which comprises cash and receivables. No collateral is held by the Group.

Credit risk associated with the Group's financial assets, other than receivables, is managed through the selection of counterparties and establishment of minimum credit rating standards.

#### (i) Cash on hand and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and bank balances with the National Australia Bank (NAB) and Westpac Bank. Interest is earned on daily bank balances at the NAB and Westpac daily cash rates respectively.

#### (ii) Receivables - trade debtors

All trade debtors are recognised as amounts receivable at balance date. Collectibility of trade debtors is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts which are known to be uncollectible are written off. An allowance for impairment is raised when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due. This evidence includes past experience, and current and expected changes in economic conditions and debtor credit ratings. No interest is earned on trade debtors. The majority of receivables arise from grants and the terms of payment are set out in the grant agreements.

The Group is not materially exposed to concentrations of credit risk to a single trade debtor or group of debtors. Based on past experience, debtors that are not past due (2013: \$Nil 2012: \$Nil) and less than 3 months past due (2013: \$Nil; 2012: \$Nil) are not considered impaired and together these represent 100% of the total trade debtors (2012: 100%). There are no debtors which are currently not past due or impaired whose terms have been renegotiated.

There are no financial assets that are past due or impaired in 2013.

The ageing analysis excludes statutory receivables, as these are not within the scope of AASB 7.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

## NOTE 11: FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

### (c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will be unable to meet its payment obligations when they fall due. The Group continuously manages risk through monitoring future cash flows to ensure adequate holding of high quality liquid assets. The objective is to maintain continuity of funding and cash and cash equivalent balances to maximise earnings and to meet payment commitments as they fall due.

During the current and prior years, there were no defaults or breaches on any loans payable. No assets have been pledged as collateral. The Group's exposure to liquidity risk is deemed insignificant based on prior periods' data and current assessment of risk.

The liabilities are recognised for amounts due to be paid in the future for goods or services received, whether or not invoiced.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities, together with the interest rate exposure.

	Weighted average effective interest rates	Nominal amount	Interest rate exposure			Maturity dates			
			Fixed interest rate	Variable interest rate	Non-interest bearing	<1 year	1-5 years	5 years	
<b>2013</b>									
Payables:									
Accruals	N/A	5,800	–	–	5,800	5,800	–	–	–
Creditors	N/A	440,000	–	–	440,000	440,000	–	–	–
<b>Total</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>445,800</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>445,800</b>	<b>445,800</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>
<b>2012</b>									
Payables:									
Accruals	N/A	8,800	–	–	8,800	8,800	–	–	–
Creditors	N/A	3,555	–	–	3,555	3,555	–	–	–
<b>Total</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>12,355</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>12,355</b>	<b>12,355</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>

Note: The amounts disclosed are the contractual undiscounted cash flows of each class of financial liabilities, therefore the amounts disclosed above may not reconcile to the balance sheet.

### (d) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. The Group has no exposure to market risk in respect of price risk or foreign currency risk and does not enter into commodity contracts.

The effect on profit and equity due to a reasonably possible change in risk variable is outlined in the information below, for interest rate risk. A reasonably possible change in risk variable has been determined after taking into account the economic environment in which the Group operates and the time frame for the assessment (i.e. until the end of the next annual reporting period). The sensitivity analysis is based on risk exposures in existence at the balance sheet date. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2013. The analysis assumes that all other variables remain constant.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

## NOTE 11: FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

### (d) Market Risk (continued)

#### (i) Interest rate risk

Exposure to interest rate risk arises primarily through the Group's cash assets. This risk is minimised as the majority of cash is held in interest bearing at call accounts and the Group holds no fixed rate financial instruments. A reasonably possible change of +/- 1% is used, consistent with current trends in interest rates. The basis will be reviewed annually and amended where there is a structural change in the level of interest rate volatility. The Group's exposure to interest rate risk is set out below.

		-1%		+1%	
	Carrying amount \$	Profit \$	Equity \$	Profit \$	Equity \$
<b>2013</b>					
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	1,449,838	(14,498)	(14,498)	14,498	14,498
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,449,838</b>	<b>(14,498)</b>	<b>(14,498)</b>	<b>14,498</b>	<b>14,498</b>
<b>2012</b>					
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	1,612,154	(16,121)	(16,121)	16,121	16,121
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,612,154</b>	<b>(16,121)</b>	<b>(16,121)</b>	<b>16,121</b>	<b>16,121</b>

#### (ii) Other price risk

The Group is not exposed to any material other price risk in respect of its financial assets and liabilities.

### (e) Fair value

Financial instruments are generally recognised at cost.

The amortised cost of other financial instruments recognised in the balance sheet approximates the fair value, because of the short term nature of many of the financial instruments.

## NOTE 12: AUDIT FEES

Audit fees of \$15,000 (2012: \$15,000) were charged for the audit of the Group.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

## NOTE 13: PARENT ENTITY INFORMATION

	2013 \$	2012 \$
<b>Information relating to Centennial Parklands Foundation</b>		
Current assets	1,076,564	1,333,210
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>1,076,564</b>	<b>1,333,210</b>
Current liabilities	69,142	20,891
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>69,142</b>	<b>20,891</b>
<b>Total equity</b>	<b>1,007,422</b>	<b>1,312,319</b>
(Loss)/Surplus for the year	(304,898)	164,202
<b>Total comprehensive income</b>	<b>(304,898)</b>	<b>164,202</b>

## NOTE 14: RELATED PARTIES

(a) The names of the Governors (Trustees) who have held office during the financial year are:

S. Whyte	P. Black	P. Nicolaou
D. Butcher	G. Cohen	L. Edwards
P. Duncan	F. Meagher	R. Giles

(b) Centennial Park and Moore Park Trust has provided goods and services and grants to the Group amounting to \$276,663 during the year ended 30 June 2013 (2012: \$201,691). No matching grants were provided in 2012 and 2013.

(c) The Group has provided grants to Centennial Park and Moore Park Trust amounting to \$966,259 (2012: \$614,962).

(d) In 2013 the Group owed \$440,000 (2012: \$Nil) to the Centennial Park and Moore Park Trust for grants invoiced but not paid at 30 June (refer Note 7).

### *Allowance for impairment loss on related party*

For the year end 30 June 2013, there were no allowance for impairment loss relating to amounts owed by related parties as there have been a good payment history (2012: nil). Moreover, there were no outstanding related party receivable as at 2013 year end.

## NOTE 15: MEMBERS

	2013	2012
Number of members at the end of the year	96	239

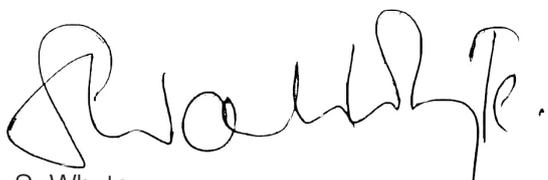
## END OF AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# STATEMENT BY **GOVERNORS**

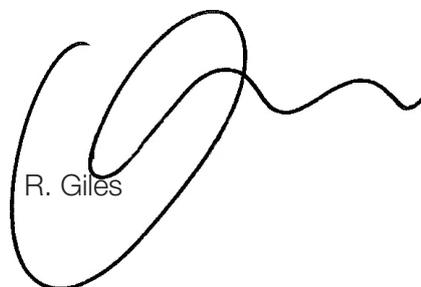
In the opinion of the Governors the financial report as set out on pages 1 to 16:

1. Presents fairly the financial position of the consolidated entity as at 30 June 2013 and its performance for the year ended on that date in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards.
2. At the date of this statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that Centennial Parklands Foundation will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.
3. We state that:
  - (a) the statements exhibit a true and fair view of the financial position and transactions of the Centennial Parklands Foundation and of the consolidated entity; and
  - (b) there are no circumstances that would render any particulars included in the financial statements to be misleading or inaccurate.

This statement is made in accordance with a resolution of the Governors and is signed for and on behalf of the Governors by:



S. Whyte



R. Giles

Dated this day of 1st day of May 2014

## CHAIRMAN'S DECLARATION **UNDER THE CHARITABLE FUNDRAISING ACT**

I, Sarah Whyte, Chair of the Centennial Parklands Foundation declare that in my opinion:

- a) the financial statements give a true and fair view of all income and expenditure of the Centennial Parklands Foundation with respect to fundraising appeals; and
- b) the Balance Sheet gives a true and fair view of the state of affairs with respect to fundraising appeals; and
- c) the provisions of the Act, the regulations under the Act and the conditions attached to the authority have been complied with; and
- d) the internal controls exercised by the Centennial Parklands Foundation are appropriate and effective in accounting for all income received and applied by the Centennial Parklands Foundation from any of its fundraising appeals, except for voluntary donations. It is impracticable for the Centennial Parklands Foundation to maintain an effective system of internal controls over voluntary donations prior to their initial entry in the accounting records.



S. Whyte  
Chair

Dated this day of 1st day of May 2014